

Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements Three Months Ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014 (Expressed in Canadian Dollars)

#### Management's responsibility for financial reporting

The accompanying financial statements (the "Financial Statements") of Anaconda Mining Inc. (the "Company" or "Anaconda") were prepared by management in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"). Management acknowledges responsibility for the preparation and presentation of the financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates and the choice of accounting principles and methods that are appropriate to the Company's circumstances. The significant accounting policies of the Company are summarized in Note 2 of the audited annual consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended May 31, 2015.

Management has established processes which are in place to provide them sufficient knowledge to support management representations that they have exercised reasonable diligence that (i) the financial statements do not contain any untrue statement of material fact or omit to state a material fact required to be stated or that is necessary to make a statement not misleading in light of the circumstances under which it is made, as of the date of and for the periods presented by the financial statements, and (ii) the financial statements fairly present in all material respects the financial condition, results of operations and cash flows of the Company as of the date of and for the periods presented by the financial statements.

The Board of Directors is responsible for reviewing and approving the financial statements together with other financial information of the Company and for ensuring that management fulfills its financial reporting responsibilities. An Audit Committee assists the Board of Directors in fulfilling this responsibility. The Audit Committee meets with management to review the financial reporting process and the financial statements together with other financial information of the Company. The Audit Committee reports its findings to the Board of Directors for its consideration in approving the financial statements together with other financial information of the Company for issuance to the shareholders.

Management recognizes its responsibility for conducting the Company's affairs in compliance with established financial standards, and applicable laws and regulations, and for maintaining proper standards of conduct for its activities.

#### NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of these Financial Statements they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the Financial Statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying Financial Statements of the Company have been prepared by and are the responsibility of the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these Financial Statements in accordance with standards established by the Chartered Professional Accountants of Canada for a review of interim financial statements by an entity's auditor.

#### Management's assessment of internal control over financial reporting ("ICFR")

Management is also responsible for establishing and maintaining adequate internal control over the Company's financial reporting. The internal control system was designed to provide reasonable assurance to the Company's management regarding the preparation and presentation of the financial statements.

*"Dustin Angelo"* President and Chief Executive Officer October 14, 2015 *"Errol Farr"* Chief Financial Officer October 14, 2015



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Financial Position

(Canadian Dollars)

As at	August 31 2015	May 31 2015
	\$	\$
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash (note 2)	584,261	1,435,160
Trade and other receivables (note 3)	33,428	49,042
HST recoverable	170,907	181,150
Prepaid expenses and deposits	316,940	181,658
Inventory (note 4)	3,347,475	3,027,959
	4,453,011	4,874,969
Restricted cash (note 2)	806,198	593,000
Deferred income tax asset	4,896,000	4,881,000
Exploration and evaluation assets (note 5)	4,340,559	4,016,357
Production stripping assets (note 6)	1,460,355	1,045,958
Property, mill and equipment (note 7)	11,705,440	12,310,274
	27,661,563	27,721,558
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Trade and other payables (note 8)	2,944,723	2,954,190
Current portion of loans (note 9)	46,450	18,350
	2,991,173	2,972,540
Loans (note 9)	62,844	42,404
Decommissioning liability (note 10)	1,316,435	1,311,393
	4,370,452	4,326,337
Shareholders' equity		
Share capital and share based compensation (note 11)	34,312,718	34,231,909
Deficit	(11,021,607)	(10,836,688)
	23,291,111	23,395,221
	27,661,563	27,721,558
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Approved by the Board of Directors on October 14, 2015.

*"Maruf Raza"* Director

*"Lewis Lawrick"* Director



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Comprehensive Loss (Canadian Dollars)

For the three months ended	August 31 2015 \$	August 31 2014 \$
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Revenue		
Gold sales	5,785,801	5,511,612
Cost of sales		
Mill operations	1,679,780	1,894,890
Mining costs	2,399,298	2,148,345
Net smelter royalty	-	164,771
Logistics	29,536	39,798
Project administration	214,759	199,592
Depletion and depreciation	1,053,428	1,080,633
	5,376,801	5,528,029
Gross margin	409,000	(16,417)
Expenses		
Corporate administration	497,144	504,496
Other revenues and expenses (note 13)	25,307	(305,452)
Share-based compensation (note 11)	80,809	48,119
Finance expense	-	336
Foreign exchange loss (gain)	2,851	(9,884)
Unrealized loss (gain) on forward sales contract derivative (note 16)	2,808	(15,222)
	608,919	222,393
Loss before income taxes	(199,919)	(238,810)
Deferred income tax recovery	(15,000)	(63,000)
Net loss and comprehensive loss for the period	(184,919)	(175,810)
Nationary (loss) per chara hasia	0.00	0.00
Net income (loss) per share - basic Net income (loss) per share - fully diluted	0.00 0.00	0.00 0.00
Weighted average number of shares outstanding	0.00	0.00
- basic	179,878,963	179,878,964
- fully diluted	179,878,963	180,025,854
	173,070,303	100,020,004



### Condensed Consolidated Interim Statement of Changes in Equity

(Canadian Dollars)

			Share-based			
	Share c	apital	compensation	Subtotal	Deficit	Total
	#	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Balance at May 31, 2014	179,878,963	33,133,525	1,641,294	34,774,819	(8,741,753)	26,033,066
Share-based compensation						
from issuance of options	-	-	48,119	48,119	-	48,119
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(175,810)	(175,810)
Balance at August 31, 2014	179,878,963	33,133,525	1,689,413	34,822,938	(8,917,563)	25,905,375
Share-based compensation						
from issuance of options	-	-	88,802	88,802	-	88,802
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(2,598,956)	(2,598,956)
Expiry of stock options						
transferred to deficit	-	-	(679,831)	(679,831)	679,831	-
Balance at May 31, 2015	179,878,963	33,133,525	1,098,384	34,231,909	(10,836,688)	23,395,221
Share-based compensation						
from issuance of options	-	-	80,809	80,809	-	80,809
Net loss for the period	-	-	-	-	(184,919)	(184,919)
Balance at August 31, 2015	179,878,963	33,133,525	1,179,193	34,312,718	(11,021,607)	23,291,111



Condensed Consolidated Interim Statements of Cash Flows

(Canadian Dollars)

For the three months ended	August 31 2015 \$	August 31 2014 \$
Operations		
Net loss	(184,919)	(175,810)
Adjustments to reconcile net loss to cash flow from operating activities:		
Depletion and depreciation	1,051,236	1,066,275
Share-based compensation expense	80,809	48,119
Deferred income tax recovery	(15,000)	(63,000)
Other revenue	-	(260,952)
Accretion of milestone payment receivable	-	(46,589)
Interest accretion of decomissioning liability	5,042	14,358
Unrealized loss (gain) on forward sales contract derivative	2,808	(15,222)
Unrealized foreign exchange gains	-	(2,303)
Net change in non-cash working capital items:		
Trade and other receivables	15,614	(71)
HST recoverable	10,243	107,853
Prepaid expenses and deposits	(135,282)	(22,170)
Inventory	50,246	150,336
Trade and other payables	(12,275)	(424,241)
Cash flow provided from operating activities	868,522	376,583
Financing	(1 )	(,
Repayment of bank loan	(1,932)	(1,931)
Repayment of capital leases	(4,788)	(1,950)
Repayment of government loans	-	(38,196)
Cash flow used in financing activities	(6,720)	(42,077)
Investments	(700.004)	(055,440)
Purchase of property, mill and equipment	(760,904)	(355,419)
Additions to production stripping assets Purchase of exploration and evaluation assets	(414,397)	(143,038)
Restricted cash	(324,202) (213,198)	(384,031) 2,726
Cash flow used in investing activities	(1,712,701)	(879,762)
Net decrease in cash	(850,899)	(545,256)
Cash at beginning of period	1,435,160	2,754,225
Cash at end of period	584,261	2,208,969
Supplemental cash flow information:	,	
Interest paid	1,240	535
Taxes paid	-	-



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

#### General

#### Corporate

The Company's principal business activities are gold mining and mineral exploration with operations in Canada. It is incorporated under the laws of Ontario. The Company's common shares are listed on the Toronto Stock Exchange under the ticker symbol "ANX". The Company's registered office is located at 150 York Street, Suite 410, Toronto, Ontario, M5H 3S5.

#### Point Rousse Project - Baie Verte Mining District, Newfoundland, Canada

The Company owns 100% of the Pine Cove mine and mill (the "Pine Cove Mine"), and controls approximately 6,316 hectares on the Ming's Bight Peninsula, which is situated within the larger Baie Verte Peninsula on the north-central part of Newfoundland (the "Point Rousse Project"). On September 7, 2010, the Company achieved Commercial Production with a processing capacity of approximately 1,000 tonnes per day. The Point Rousse Project originally included approximately 660 hectares of mining rights, an open pit mining operation and complete mill infrastructure capable of producing gold dore bars. In 2012, 2013 and 2015, the Company entered into option agreements to acquire a 100%-interest in seven additional exploration properties and staked five other properties (as described in note 5). The agreements and staked claims increased the Company's land package of the Point Rousse Project almost ten-fold to approximately 6,316 hectares.

#### 1. Basis of preparation

#### Statement of compliance

The Company's Financial Statements, including comparatives, have been prepared in accordance with and using accounting policies in full compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") applicable to the preparation of interim financial statements, including International Accounting Standards ("IAS") 34, Interim Financial Reporting. The Financial Statements should be read in conjunction with the Audited Annual Consolidated Financial Statements for the year ended May 31, 2015, which have been prepared in accordance with IFRS as issued by the IASB.

#### Recent accounting pronouncements

At the date of authorization of these Financial Statements, the IASB has issued the following new and revised Standards and Interpretations which are not yet effective for the relevant reporting periods:

- IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers ("IFRS 15") was issued in May 2014 when the IASB and the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") completed its joint project to clarify the principles for recognizing revenue and to develop a common revenue standard for IFRS and US GAAP. As a result of the joint project, the IASB issued IFRS 15 to establish principles to address the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of revenue and cash flows arising from an entity's contracts with customers. IFRS 15 is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2017.
- IFRS 9 Financial Instruments ("IFRS 9") was issued by the IASB on July 24, 2014, and will replace IAS 39, Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement. IFRS 9 uses a single approach to determine whether a financial asset is measured at amortized cost or fair value, replacing multiple rules in IAS 39. The approach in IFRS 9 is based on how an entity manages its financial instruments in the context of its business model and the contractual cash flow characteristics of the financial assets. Two measurement categories continue to exist to account for financial liabilities in IFRS 9; fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL") and amortized cost. Financial liabilities held-for-trading are measured at FVTPL, and all other financial liabilities are measured at amortized cost unless the fair value option is applied. The treatment of embedded derivatives under the new standard is consistent with IAS 39 and is applied to financial liabilities and non-derivative host contracts not within the scope of this standard. The effective date for this standard is for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018.



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

The Company is currently evaluating the impact of these pronouncements on its consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Cash and restricted cash

The Company's cash balances consist of cash on deposit with a Canadian Chartered bank totaling \$584,261 (May 31, 2014 - \$1,435,160).

Restricted cash balance consists of long-term cash on deposit with a Canadian Chartered bank in interestgenerating Guaranteed Investment Certificates maturing September 9, 2015, totaling \$593,000 (May 31, 2014 -\$593,000). Anaconda has issued letters of credit in the amount of \$565,500 to the Newfoundland and Labrador government along with payment of an additional \$213,198 in satisfaction of its requirements under the approved site development in concert with the Company's decommissioning liabilities (note 10). The Company also has corporate credit cards that have authorized limits secured by cash collateral of \$27,500.

#### 3. Trade and other receivables

The Company's trade and other receivables arise from five main sources: gold sales, royalty revenue, unrealized gain on non-hedged forward sales contract derivatives, accrued interest and trade receivables from related parties. The details of the Company's trade and other receivables are set out below:

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Gold sales receivable	-	20,458
Accrued interest	9,424	8,211
Other	9,224	8,378
Due from related parties	14,780	11,995
	33,428	49,042

Below is an aged analysis of the Company's trade and other receivables:

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Less than 1 month	-	20,458
30-60 days	9,224	8,378
60+ days	24,204	20,206
	33,428	49,042

At August 31, 2015, the Company anticipates full recovery of the amount due from related parties therefore no impairment has been recorded. The credit risk on the receivables has been further discussed in note 17. The Company holds no collateral for any receivable amounts outstanding as at August 31, 2015.



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

#### 4. Inventory

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Ore in stock piles	1,170,959	1,031,203
Raw materials	478,990	504,601
Work in progress	1,342,526	1,137,155
Parts inventory	355,000	355,000
	3,347,475	3,027,959

Cost of sales for the three months ended August 31, 2015 of \$5,376,801 (2014 - \$5,528,029) includes a credit of \$5,808 (August 31, 2014 - \$12,004) relating to the sale of silver by-product.

### 5. Exploration and evaluation assets

Properties	Interest %	Balance as at May 31 2015 \$	Option of mining property \$	Expenditures \$	Balance as at August 31 2015 \$
Newfoundland					
Point Rousse Project					
Pine Cove Lease Area	100	1,782,302	-	53,259	1,835,561
Tenacity	100	461,828	-	11,021	472,849
Fair Haven	100	226,688	-	1,839	228,527
Froude	100	58,026	-	575	58,601
Duffitt and Strong	100	50,839	-	6,868	57,707
Stog'er Tight	100	563,297	-	90,712	654,009
Deer Cove	100	380,722	-	2,012	382,734
Corkscrew	100	-	25,000	575	25,575
Regional (unallocated)	100	492,655	-	132,341	624,996
		4,016,357	25,000	299,202	4,340,559



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

Properties	Interest %	Balance as at May 31 2014 \$	Option of mining property \$	Expenditures \$	Balance as at May 31 2015 \$
Newfoundland					
Point Rousse Project					
Pine Cove Lease Area	100	1,428,912	-	353,390	1,782,302
Tenacity	100	171,220	50,000	240,608	461,828
Fair Haven	100	47,398	-	179,290	226,688
Froude	100	23,107	-	34,919	58,026
Duffitt and Strong	100	29,668	-	21,171	50,839
Stog'er Tight	100	50,689	25,000	487,608	563,297
Deer Cove	100	95,691	25,000	260,031	380,722
Regional (unallocated)	100	386,614	-	106,041	492,655
		2,233,299	100,000	1,683,058	4,016,357

The Company owns 100% of the Point Rousse Project, which contains five mining leases totaling 1,053 hectares and 28 mining licenses totaling approximately 5,263 hectares not accounted for within the mining leases. The mining leases were optioned from Tenacity Gold Mining Company Ltd. ("Tenacity") and 1512513 Alberta Ltd. ("Alberta"), a subsidiary of Coordinates Capital Corporation ("Coordinates") and Seaside Realty Ltd. ("Seaside"), while the mining licenses were optioned from several different parties including Tenacity, Alberta, Fair Haven Resources Inc. ("Fair Haven"), Herb Froude ("Froude"), and Messrs Alexander Duffitt and Paul Strong ("Duffitt and Strong"). Five of the licenses are owned by Anaconda.

The current operating area of the Point Rousse Project comprises two contiguous mining leases (the "Pine Cove Lease Area") acquired from Tenacity totaling 660 hectares that contains the operating open pit mine, milling and processing plant and equipment and a permitted tailings storage facility. It is subject to two royalty agreements, the first with Tenacity, whereby the Company was required to pay Tenacity a net smelter royalty ("NSR") of 3% of the metal sales from the mining lease to a maximum of \$3 million. The Company fulfilled this obligation in fiscal 2015. The second is a Net Profits Interest ("NPI") agreement with Royal Gold, Inc. ("Royal") whereby the Company is required to pay Royal a royalty of 7.5% of the net profits, calculated as the gross receipts generated from the claims less all cumulative development and operating expenses. At August 31, 2015, the Company has determined it has approximately \$36 million in expenditures deductible against future receipts.

#### **Option Agreements**

On May 7, 2012, the Company entered into a five-year property option agreement (the "Tenacity Agreement") with Tenacity to acquire a 100%-undivided interest in 4 mineral exploration licenses (the "**Tenacity Property**") totaling 63 claims or approximately 1,540 hectares contiguous to the Pine Cove License Area. The Tenacity Agreement requires the Company to pay to Tenacity \$25,000 at closing (paid), an additional \$275,000 in cash payments over the option period (of which \$125,000 has been paid) and incur \$750,000 in expenditures over the life of the option. At the Company's option, 50% of the cash payments can be settled with the issuance of common shares, with value determined based on a weighted average of the 30 trading days preceding payment. The Tenacity Agreement also entitles Tenacity to a net smelter royalty ("NSR") of 3% when the average price of gold is less than US\$2,000 per ounce for the calendar quarter or at 4% when the average price of gold is more than US\$2,000 per ounce for the calendar quarter, with a cap on the NSR of \$3 million.

On July 19, 2012, the Company entered into a five-year property option agreement (the "Fair Haven Agreement") with Fair Haven to acquire a 100%-undivided interest in 11 exploration licenses (the "**Fair Haven Property**") totaling 71 claims or approximately 1,775 hectares near its Pine Cove Mine. The Fair Haven Property runs adjacent to the optioned Tenacity Property. The Fair Haven Agreement requires the Company to pay to Fair



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

Haven \$10,000 at closing (paid) and to fund expenditures over the life of the option to a minimum of \$750,000. The Fair Haven Agreement also entitles Fair Haven to an NSR of 2% to an aggregate sum of \$3 million; following this and after 200,000 ounces of gold has been sold from the Fair Haven Property, Fair Haven is then entitled to a 1% NSR.

On November 13, 2012, the Company entered into a five-year property option agreement (the "Froude Agreement") with Froude to acquire a 100%-undivided interest in 1 exploration license (the "**Froude Property**") totaling 11 claims or approximately 275 hectares near its Pine Cove Mine. The Froude Property is contiguous and inclusive in the Point Rousse Project. The Froude Agreement requires the Company to pay to Froude \$10,000 on January 1, 2013 (paid) and to fund expenditures over the life of the option to a minimum of \$125,000. The Froude Agreement also entitles Froude to an NSR of 3% to an aggregate sum of \$3 million; following this and after 200,000 ounces of gold has been sold from the Froude Property, Froude is then entitled to a 1% NSR.

On November 19, 2012, the Company entered into a five-year property option agreement (the "DS Agreement") with Duffitt and Strong to acquire a 100%-undivided interest in 2 exploration licenses (the "**Duffitt and Strong Property**") totaling 7 claims or approximately 175 hectares near its Pine Cove Mine. The Duffitt and Strong Property is contiguous with and now inclusive in the Point Rousse Project. The DS Agreement requires the Company to pay to Duffitt and Strong \$20,000 at closing (paid) and to fund expenditures over the life of the option to a minimum of \$125,000. The DS Agreement also entitles Duffitt and Strong to an NSR of 3% to an aggregate sum of \$3 million; following this and after 200,000 ounces of gold has been sold from the Duffitt and Strong Property, Duffitt and Strong is then entitled to a 1% NSR.

On November 13, 2013, the Company entered into a three-year property option agreement (the "Deer Cove Agreement") with 1512513 Alberta Ltd. ("Alberta"), a subsidiary of Coordinates, to acquire a 100%-undivided interest in one mining lease, a surface lease and three exploration licenses (the "**Deer Cove Property**") totaling 48 claims or approximately 1,200 hectares contiguous to the Point Rousse Project. The Deer Cove Agreement requires the Company to pay to Alberta \$25,000 at closing (paid), an additional \$175,000 in cash payments over the option period (of which \$25,000 has been paid) and to incur \$500,000 in expenditures over the life of the option. The Deer Cove Agreement also entitles Alberta to an NSR of 3%. The Company has the right to buy back 1.8% of the NSR for \$1 million.

On November 13, 2013, the Company entered into a three-year property option agreement (the "Stog'er Tight Agreement") with Alberta to acquire a 100%-undivided interest in one mining lease and one surface lease (the "**Stog'er Tight Property**") totaling approximately 35 hectares contiguous to the Point Rousse Project. The Stog'er Tight Agreement requires the Company to pay to Alberta \$25,000 at closing (paid), an additional \$175,000 in cash payments over the option period (of which \$25,000 has been paid) and to incur \$500,000 in expenditures over the life of the option. The Stog'er Tight Agreement also entitles Alberta to an NSR of 3%. The Company has the right to buy back 1.8% of the NSR for \$1 million.

On August 4, 2015, the Company entered into an option agreement with Seaside to acquire a 100%-undivided interest in one mining lease (the "**Corkscrew Property**"), totaling 346 hectares contiguous with the Point Rousse Project and is required to make aggregate payments to Seaside of \$75,000 (\$25,000 paid at closing) over a two-year period. Any future gold production from Corkscrew will be subject to a 2% net smelter royalty, capped at \$2,000,000.

As at August 31, 2015 and the financial statement report date, the Company had met all required property option commitments and accordingly the properties were in good standing.



**Anaconda Mining Inc.** Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

#### 6. Production stripping assets

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Opening balance	1,045,958	612,654
Additions	414,397	586,725
Depreciation	-	(153,421)
Closing balance	1,460,355	1,045,958

#### 7. Property, mill and equipment

	Cost beginning	A -1-1:4:	Disposals/	Cost end
	of period	Additions	transfers	of period
	\$	\$	\$	ý
Mill	7,624,486	24,487	-	7,648,973
Equipment	1,325,053	38,852	-	1,363,905
Property	14,806,583	1,368,663	-	16,175,246
Capital in progress	1,343,062	853,252	(1,469,090)	727,224
· · · · ·	25,099,184	2,285,254	(1.469.090)	25,915,348

	Accumulated deprecation beginning of period \$	Depreciation/ depletion \$	Accumulated deprecation end of period \$	Net book value \$
Mill	3,838,549	326,669	4,165,218	3,483,755
Equipment	779,729	123,491	903,220	460,685
Property	8,170,632	970,838	9,141,470	7,033,776
Capital in progress	-	-	-	727,224
	12,788,910	1,420,998	14,209,908	11,705,440



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

#### For the year ended May 31, 2015

	Cost beginning		Disposals/	Cost end
	of year	Additions	transfers	of year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Mill	7,213,957	412,495	(1,966)	7,624,486
Equipment	1,163,776	166,583	(5,306)	1,325,053
Property	14,617,417	197,308	(8,142)	14,806,583
Capital in progress	358,216	2,135,104	(1,150,258)	1,343,062
	23,353,366	2,911,490	(1,165,672)	25,099,184

	Accumulated deprecation beginning of year \$	Depreciation/ depletion \$	Accumulated deprecation end of year \$	Net book value \$	
Mill	2,517,777	1,320,772	3,838,549	3,785,937	
Equipment	510,917	268,812	779,729	545,324	
Property	5,499,256	2,671,376	8,170,632	6,635,951	
Capital in progress	-	-	-	1,343,062	
	8.527.950	4.260.960	12.788.910	12.310.274	

#### 8. Trade and other payables

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Trade payables	2,521,829	2,184,196
Accrued liabilities	303,592	391,262
Accrued payroll costs	119,302	378,732
	2,944,723	2,954,190

The trade and other payables which arise from the Company's day-to-day operations have standard vendor trade terms and are typically due within 30 days.

#### 9. Loans

The following table provides the details of the current and non-current components of loans:

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Bank loan	29,613	31,545
Capital leases	79,681	29,209
	109,294	60,754
Less: current portion	46,450	18,350
Non-current portion	62,844	42,404



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

Bank loan, due July 2019, is non-interest bearing and repayable in 72 monthly payments of \$644.

The balance is made up as follows:

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Principal balance repayable	29,613	31,545
Less: current portion	7,725	7,725
Non-current portion	21,888	23,820

The Company has two capital leases payable. The first, due October 1, 2017, is repayable in 39 monthly payments of \$1,242 commencing on July 4, 2014. Remaining net minimum lease payments are \$32,292 with total interest of \$5,569 resulting in a present value of net minimum capital lease payments of \$26,723. The second, due July 1, 2017, is repayable in 24 monthly payments of \$2,303 commencing on August 1, 2015. Remaining net minimum lease payments are \$52,958 with total interest of \$nil.

The total balances are made up as follows:

As at	August 31	May 31
	2015	2015
	\$	\$
Principal balance repayable	79,681	29,209
Less: current portion	38,725	10,625
Non-current portion	40,956	18,584

#### 10. Decommissioning liability

A reconciliation of the provision for asset retirement obligations is as follows:

As at	August 31	May 31	
	2015	2015	
	\$	\$	
Opening balance	1,311,393	1,253,961	
Interest accretion	5,042	57,432	
Closing balance	1,316,435	1,311,393	

The Company's estimates of future asset retirement obligations are based on reclamation standards that meet or exceed regulatory requirements. Elements of uncertainty in estimating these amounts include potential changes in regulatory requirements, decommissioning and reclamation alternatives and amounts to be recovered from other parties. The provision for reclamation is provided against the Company's Pine Cove Mine and is based on the project plan approved by the Government of Newfoundland.

In concert with the Company's decommissioning liabilities, it has issued letters of credit in the amount of \$565,500 to the Newfoundland and Labrador government along with cash payments in the amount of \$213,198 in satisfaction of its requirements under the approved site development which may only be lifted by the Newfoundland and Labrador government.



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

#### 11. Capital stock

#### **Common shares**

Anaconda's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares.

#### Warrants

There were no outstanding warrants as at August 31, 2015 or May 31, 2015.

#### Options

As at August 31, 2015, 17,987,896 common shares were available for the grant of stock options to directors, officers, employees and service providers in connection with the Company's stock option plan (the "Plan"). The Plan is a 10% rolling option plan based on the number of common shares issued and outstanding. As at August 31, 2015, 16,850,000 options were outstanding with 13,850,000 exercisable and 1,137,896 left unallocated. Most stock options issued to date under the Plan vest in two installments over 12 months and expire five years from the date of grant unless specifically approved otherwise by the Board of Directors.

The following summary sets out the activity in the Plan over the periods:

	Weighted average	
	Options	exercise price
	#	\$
Outstanding, May 31, 2014	14,930,000	0.12
Granted	2,550,000	0.08
Expired/Forfeited	(3,330,000)	0.20
Outstanding, May 31, 2015	14,150,000	0.10
Granted	2,700,000	0.05
Outstanding, August 31, 2015	16,850,000	0.09
Options exercisable, August 31, 2015	13,850,000	0.10

The following table sets out the details of the stock options granted and outstanding as at August 31, 2015:

Number of	Number	Remaining	Exercise price	
stock options	exercisable	contractual life	per share	Expiry date
5,150,000	5,150,000	0.46 years	\$0.11	February 15, 2016
150,000	150,000	0.91 years	\$0.08	July 26, 2016
500,000	500,000	0.99 years	\$0.10	August 25, 2016
500,000	500,000	1.41 years	\$0.09	January 27, 2017
1,500,000	1,500,000	1.47 years	\$0.10	February 17, 2017
300,000	300,000	1.67 years	\$0.11	May 1, 2017
300,000	300,000	2.20 years	\$0.15	November 8, 2017
2,800,000	2,800,000	2.75 years	\$0.08	May 29, 2018
400,000	400,000	3.12 years	\$0.08	October 9, 2018
2,250,000	2,250,000	3.79 years	\$0.08	June 10, 2019
300,000	-	4.69 years	\$0.05	May 4, 2020
2,300,000	-	4.77 years	\$0.05	June 1, 2020
400,000	-	4.85 years	\$0.05	June 30, 2020
16,850,000	13,850,000	1.77 years		



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

The following table sets out the details of the valuation of stock option grants for the year ended May 31, 2015 and the three months ended August 31, 2015:

		Risk-free	Expected	Expected	Expected
Date of grant	Number	interest rate	dividend yield	volatility	life
June 10, 2014	2,250,000	1.60%	Nil	97.9%	5 years
May 4, 2015	300,000	1.07%	Nil	97.7%	5 years
June 1, 2015	2,300,000	0.90%	Nil	97.3%	5 years
June 30, 2015	400,000	0.81%	Nil	97.2%	5 years

#### Share-based compensation expense

The fair value of the stock options granted for the three months ended August 31, 2015 was \$90,000 (August 31, 2014 - \$132,750). The fair value of options vested for the three months ended August 31, 2015 was \$80,809 (August 31, 2014 - \$48,119), an amount which has been expensed as share-based compensation in the statement of comprehensive income.

#### 12. Remuneration of key management personnel and related-party transactions

Key management personnel include the members of the Board of Directors, the President/CEO and the CFO. Compensation of key management personnel (including directors) was as follows:

For the three months ended August 31	2015	2014
	\$	\$
Salaries and short term benefits <sup>1</sup>	151,965	151,235
Share based payments <sup>2</sup>	52,546	33,206
	204,511	184,441

<sup>1</sup> Includes salary, management bonus, benefits and directors' fees

<sup>2</sup> Includes share based payments vested during the period

As at August 31, 2015, included in trade and other payables is \$42,750 (August 31, 2014 - \$38,500) of amounts due for directors' fees.



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

#### 13. Chilean mining interest

On December 7, 2011, the Company announced that, pursuant to an agreement, it had closed the sale of its Chilean mining interest to Hierro Tal Tal S.A. ("Tal Tal") for consideration of the following:

	US\$
Payment in cash at closing (received)	2,000,000
Payment in cash on May 31, 2012 (received)	2,000,000
Contingent payments:	
At Commercial Production	
30 days after first shipment of production from the	
first producing property (received)	1,000,000
30 days after first shipment of production from the	
second producing property or two years from first	
production of the first producing property (due no	
later than May 20, 2015) <sup>1</sup>	2,000,000
Sales Price Payments:	
Based on the selling price of the initial 900,000	
tonnes of iron ore (between US\$90 and US\$150	
per tonne) from the first producing property	
(\$80,000 received)	250,000 - 2,000,000
Based on the earlier of: selling price of the initial	
900,000 tonnes of iron ore (between US\$90 and	
US\$150 per tonne) from the second producing	
property or selling price from the 1,800,000 –	
2,700,000 tonnes of the first producing property	250,000 - 2,000,000
	7,500,000 – 11,000,000

<sup>1</sup> In the event the second producing property does not go into production, the milestone payment may be deferred for a period up to five years or thirty days after the first shipment from the second producing property, bearing interest at 5%.

During fiscal 2014, the Company received its first Commercial Production milestone payment of US\$1 million. It also recognised the second payment of US\$2 million that was due no later than May 20, 2015 as a milestone payment receivable discounted at 10%. The Company also began receiving a gross sales royalty of 0.80% of iron ore product sold from the property and sales price-related milestone payments.

During fiscal 2015, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$2,210,158 upon completion of its assessment of the carrying value of the milestone and royalty payment receivable. The non-cash impairment charge was mainly a result of Tal Tal's inability to make future royalty, sales price and milestone payments. See note 14.

On closing of the sale, the Company received a 1.25% carried interest in Compania Portuaria Tal Tal S.A. The Company designated this investment as available for sale. During fiscal 2015, the Company recorded an impairment charge of \$50,000 upon completion of its assessment of the carrying value of the investment. The non-cash impairment charge was mainly a result of the deferral of the potential construction and operation of the port, projected to be used by Tal Tal.

#### 14. Segmented information

The Company has identified its reportable operating segments based on the information used by management to make operating decisions. The Company primarily manages its business by looking at the geographical location that segregates its operations.



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

As at	August 31 2015			May 31 2015
	Non-current	Total	Non-current	Total
	assets	assets	assets	assets
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Canada	23,208,552	27,655,687	22,846,589	27,715,682
Chile	-	5,876	-	5,876
	23,208,552	27,661,563	22,846,589	27,721,558

For the three months ended		August 31 2015		August 31 2014		
	Canada	Chile	Canada	Chile		
Revenue segments	\$	\$	\$	\$		
Gold sales	5,785,801	-	5,511,612	-		
Royalty revenue	-	-	-	260,952		
Accretion income	-	-	-	46,589		
Foreign exchange gain	-	-	-	2,303		
Chile expenses	-	(25,307)	-	(4,392)		
	5,785,801	(25,307)	5,511,612	305,452		

#### 15. Capital management

The Company's capital structure is adjusted based on management's and the Board of Directors' decision to fund expenditures with the issuance of debt or equity such that it may complete the acquisition, exploration, development and operation of properties for the mining of minerals that are economically recoverable. The Board of Directors does not establish quantitative return on capital criteria, but rather relies on the expertise of management and other professionals to sustain future development of the business.

The Company's Pine Cove Mine is currently producing cash flow to fund ongoing working capital requirements, corporate and administrative expenses, debt service, capital expenditure requirements and other contractual obligations. The Company intends to supplement its Point Rousse Project cash flow and raise such funds as and when required to complete its projects as they arise. There is no assurance that the Company will be able to raise additional funds on reasonable terms. The ability of the Company to arrange such financing in the future will depend in part upon the prevailing capital market conditions as well as the business performance of the Company. There can be no assurance that Anaconda will be successful in its efforts to arrange additional financing, if needed, on terms satisfactory to the Company.

Management reviews its capital management approach on an ongoing basis and believes that this approach, given the relative size of the Company, is reasonable.

There were no changes in the Company's approach to capital management during the three months ended August 31, 2015. Unless otherwise noted (i.e. restricted cash), the Company is not subject to externally-imposed capital requirements.

#### **16. Financial instruments**

#### Classifications

The Company has classified its cash and restricted cash and forward sales contract derivatives as fair value through profit and loss, which are measured at fair value. The Company's investment has been classified as



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

available-for-sale, which is measured at fair value. Trade and other receivables and the milestone payment receivable are classified as loans and receivables, which are measured at amortized cost. Trade and other payables and loans and debentures are classified as other financial liabilities, which are measured at amortized cost.

Fair values of cash and restricted cash are based on quoted prices in active markets for identical assets, resulting in a level-one valuation. Forward sales contract derivatives are level two. Fair values of investments are not based on observable market data, resulting in a level-three valuation. The carrying amount of the Company's financial instruments approximates fair value due to their short-term nature.

#### Non-hedged forward sales contract derivative

The Company enters into commodity derivatives including forward gold contracts to manage the exposure of fluctuations in gold prices. In the case of forwards, these contracts are intended to reduce the risk of declining prices on future sales. Some of the derivative transactions are effective in achieving the Company's risk management goals; however, they do not meet the hedging requirements of IAS 39 – Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement, therefore, the unrealized changes in fair value are recorded in earnings.

At August 31, 2015, the following forward gold contracts are outstanding:

				Fair Value at
			Price CAD\$	August 31, 2015
	Expiry range	Ounces	per ounce	\$
Gold forward	September to November 2015	600	1,442	(30,792)
CAD\$ denominated contracts	September to November 2015	100	1,507	1,369
		700		(29,423)

#### 17. Property and financial instrument risk factors

#### Property risk

The Company's major project is its Point Rousse Project. Unless the Company acquires or develops additional mineral properties, the Company will be mainly dependent upon the Project. Any adverse developments affecting the Company's Project would have a material adverse effect on the Company's financial condition and results of operations.

#### Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss associated with a counter-party's inability to fulfill its payment obligations. The Company's credit risk is attributable to cash and trade and other receivables and a milestone payment receivable. Cash is held with a tier-1 Canadian Chartered bank; as such, management believes the risk of loss to be minimal. Trade receivables consist of amounts due from the Company's metals broker regarding processed gold and silver en route to the broker. Management believes the credit risk associated with its trade receivables to be remote as the counter-party is a well-capitalized international metals merchant. No bad debts were incurred during the three months ended August 31, 2015 and 2014.

#### Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company cannot meet a demand for cash or fund its obligations as they come due. As at August 31, 2015, the Company had positive working capital of \$1,461,838 (May 31, 2015 – \$1,902,429). The Company utilizes the cash flow generated from the Point Rousse Project's operations throughout the year for its working capital requirements. If necessary, the Company may seek further financing for capital projects or general working capital purposes. As discussed previously, there can be no assurance that Anaconda will be successful in its efforts to arrange additional financing on terms satisfactory to the Company.



Notes to the Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements For the three months ended August 31, 2015 and August 31, 2014

#### Market risk

Market risk is the risk of loss that may arise from changes in market factors such as interest rates, foreign exchange rates, commodity prices and/or stock market movements (price risk).

#### Interest rate risk

The Company has no interest-bearing assets, other than cash in operating bank accounts and only fixed-interest liabilities. Accordingly, the Company is not exposed to significant interest rate risk. When available, the Company invests excess cash in short-term securities with maturities of less than one year, earning nominal interest.

#### Foreign currency risk

The Company's functional and presentation currency is the Canadian Dollar. The Company executes all gold sales in Canadian Dollars. Some of the operational and other expenses incurred by the Company are paid in US Dollars and Chilean Pesos. As a result, fluctuations in the US Dollar and Chilean Peso against the Canadian Dollar could result in foreign exchange gains/losses. Given the limited exposure of US Dollar expenses, the Company considers this risk as remote. The Company has no plans for hedging its foreign currency transactions.

#### Commodity price risk

Commodity price risk is the potential adverse impact on earnings and economic value due to commodity price movements and volatilities. The Company is exposed to commodity price risk with respect to gold prices. The Company closely monitors gold prices to determine the appropriate course of action to be taken by the Company. The Company uses derivative contracts to hedge against the risk of falling prices of gold as it enters into short-term gold sales forward contracts on an on-going basis. As these derivative contracts come due there is a risk of opportunity loss if gold prices move substantially higher.

